

Landmarks in local and regional administration in Greece

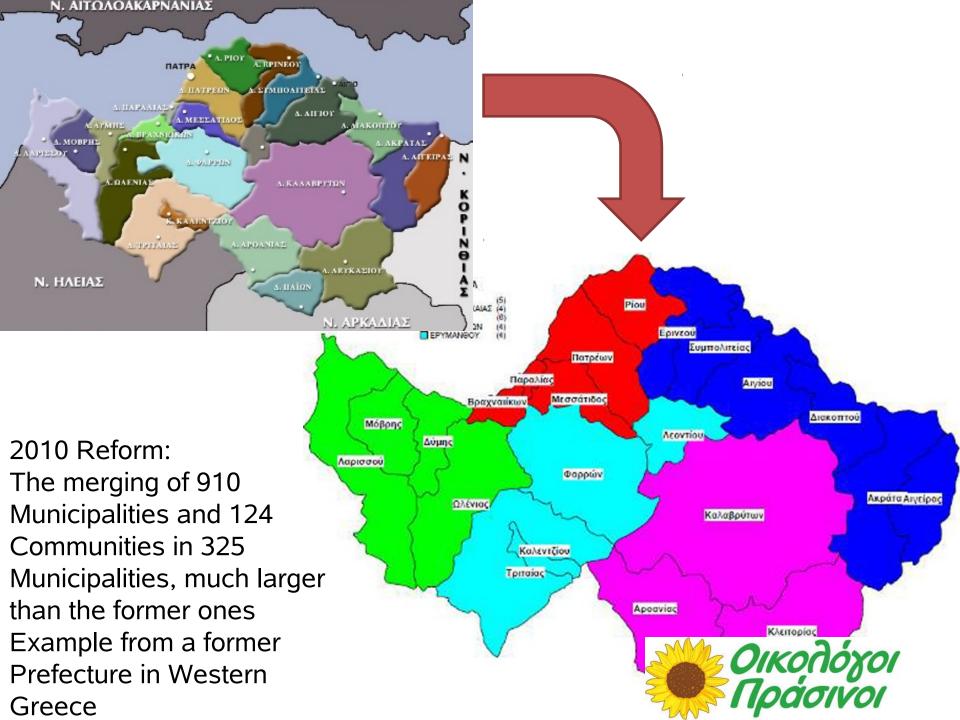
Till 1997, Greece was divided in small Communities, Municipalities and Prefectures. Only Councils in Communities and Municipalities were elected. Prefecture leader was appointed by the Central Government. Regions were founded in 1987 but they were of secondary (not even supplementary) role.

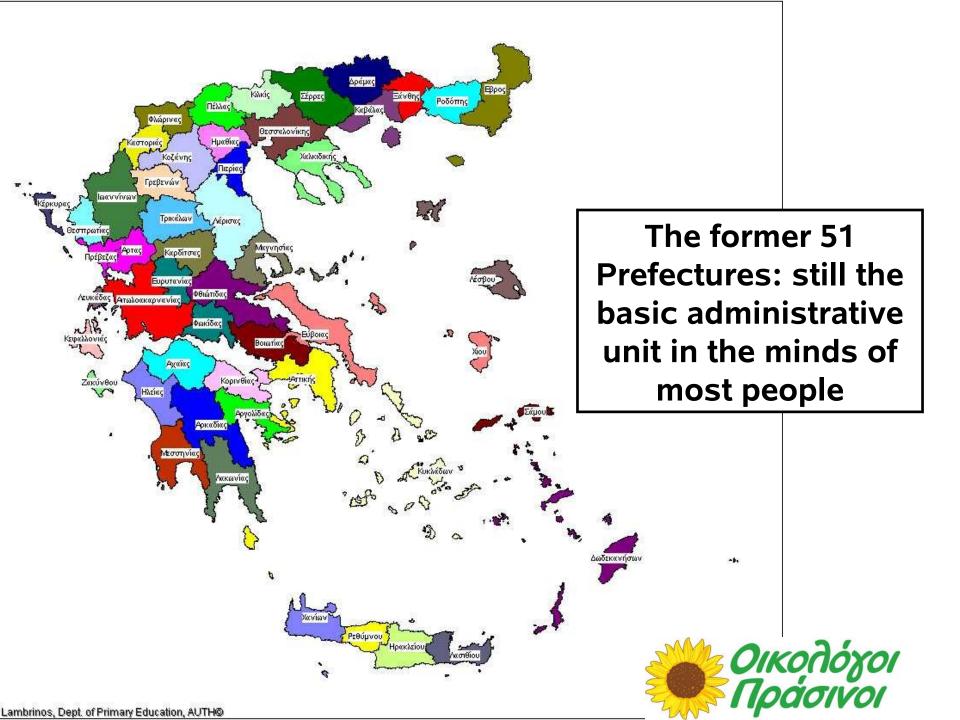
1997 the first major reform (after early 20th century): Most communities merge with adjacent Municipalities. Greece now has, apart from 51 Prefectures, 910 Municipalities and 124 Communities (total **1034** in 1st level of Administration). The Regions are still of secondary importance. The Head is called General Secretary and is appointed by the Government. First elections for Prefecture Council.

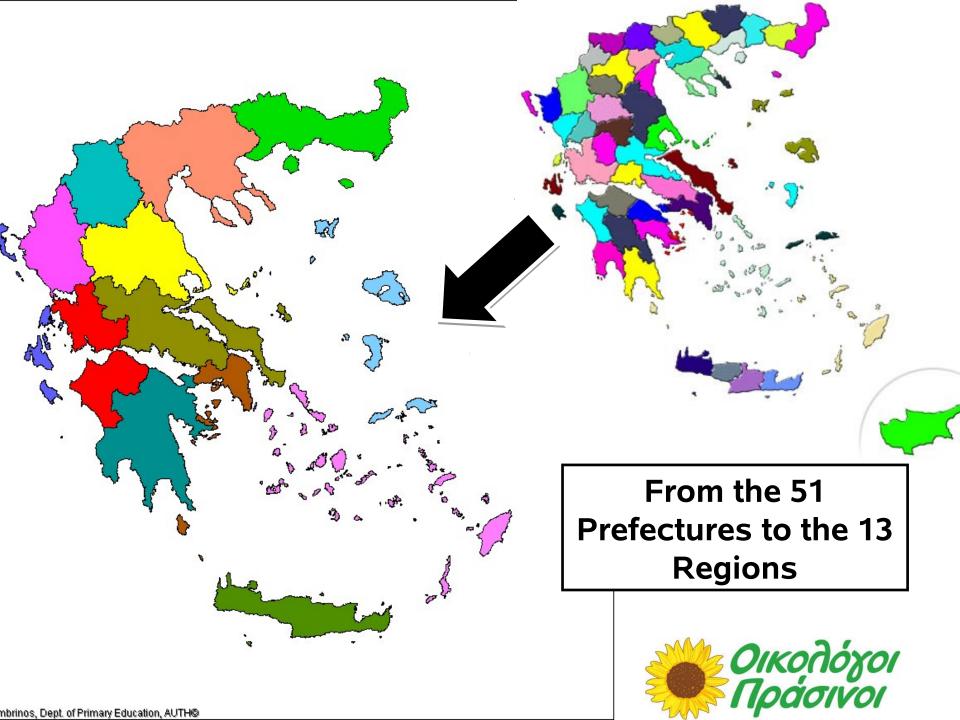
2010 the final reform: Municipalities and Communities merge to just 325 Municipalities in total. Prefectures cease to exist and become parts of the 13 Regions. First elections for Regional Council. Yet, 7 Decentralized Administrations are founded (with governmental duties)

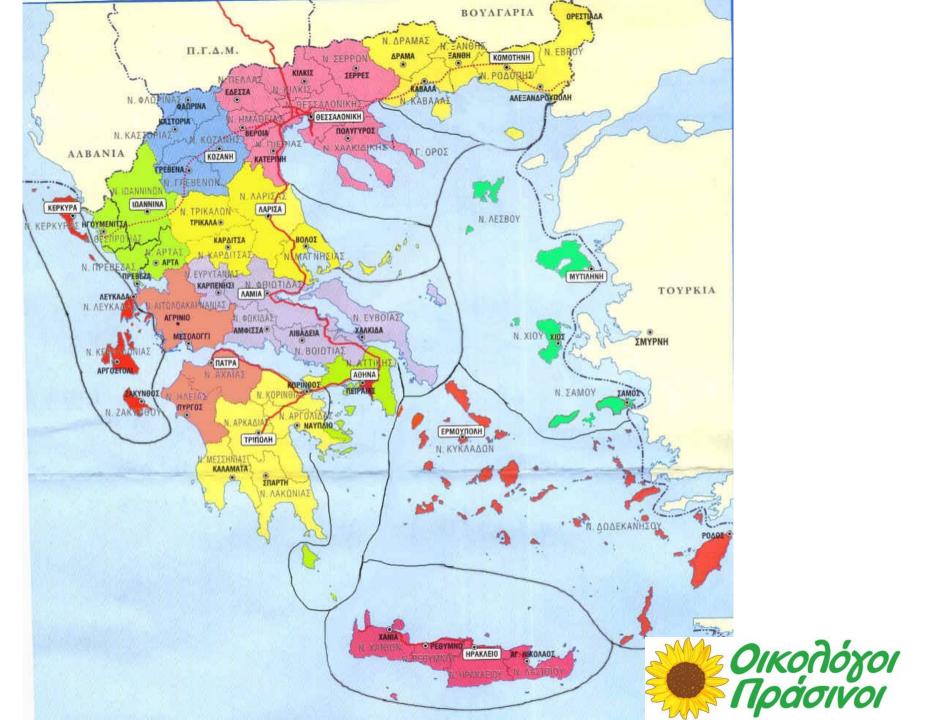
Evolution of Greek Local and Regional Government

| shaded= Head elected | | white = Head appointed by Central Government | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|--|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Till 1986 | till 1996 | Till 2010 | From 2010 | Real picture |
| Community (village) | Community (village) | Municipality | Municipality | Municipality |
| Municipality (town)) | Municipality (town)) | | | |
| Prefecture | Prefecture | Prefecture | Region | Region |
| | Region | Region | | Decentralized Administration |
| Central Government | Central Government | Central Government | Central Governmen | Central OIKOROXO |

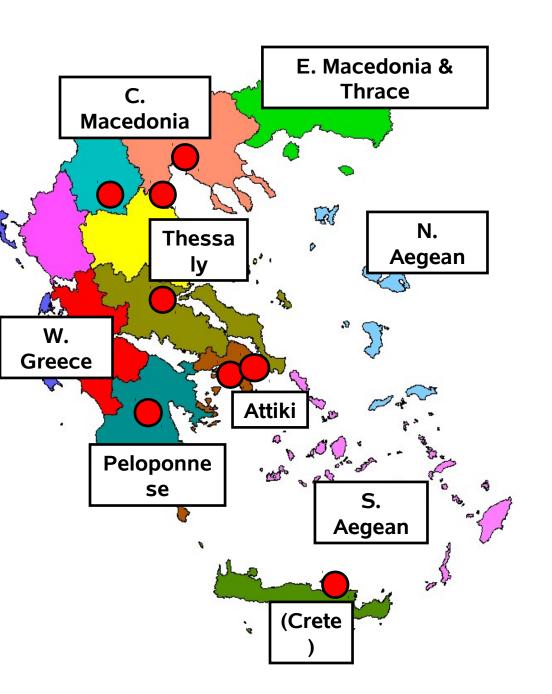












Greens elected: In 8 (9) Regions and >10 Municipalities





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